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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/942,899 08/30/2001		Dan M. Hayes	17783 USA	9846	
7590 01/15/2004			EXAMINER		
Nirav D. Parikh 25-LDP Owens-Illinois, Inc.			WALLS, DIONNE A		
One SeaGate	me.	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
Toledo, OH 43	3666		1731		
			DATE MAILED: 01/15/2004		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Ar	plication No.	Applicant(s)	-				
		. 09	9/942,899	HAYES ET AL.					
Office Action Summary			aminer	Art Unit					
			onne A. Walls	1731					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply									
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status									
1)[🖂	<u> </u>								
2a)□	•	b)⊠ This actio							
3)									
Disposition of Claims									
4)🖂	4) Claim(s) 1-14 is/are pending in the application.								
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)⊠	6) Claim(s) 6-8 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) 9-14 is/are objected to.								
	,								
Application Papers									
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.									
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).									
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.05(a).								
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.									
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120									
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 13) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application) since a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet. 37 CFR 1.78. a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 14) ☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121 since a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet. 37 CFR 1.78.									
Attachment(s)									
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)									

Application/Control Number: 09/942,899

Art Unit: 1731

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

1. Applicant's election with traverse of the Restriction Requirement, mailed on October 8th, 2003, is acknowledged. The traversal is on the ground(s) that the two inventions are "related as disclosed" and are not "independent" or "distinct". This is not found persuasive because the Examiner has already stated, in the Restriction Requirement, the basis upon which a subcombination-combination will be deemed "distinct", and for which a Restriction Requirement is proper. Further, the Examiner presented reasons why the inventions are distinct, which is in accordance with MPEP 806.05 c.

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

Double Patenting

2. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Application/Control Number: 09/942,899

Art Unit: 1731

3. Claims 6-8 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-2 of U.S. Patent No. 6,494,061 in view of Bartholomew (US. Pat. No. 1,959,328).

The claims of 6,494,061 recite all that is recited in the instant claims, except there may be no articulation that that the trough member (which corresponds to the claimed "elongate member") is curved. However, Bartholomew's disclosure provides evidence that curved troughs for conveying formable (or molten) glass is known (See fig. 1) Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to curve the trough claimed in US. Pat. No. 6,494,061, since curvature of such troughs are known, and in order to facilitate the gravitational sliding of the molten glass from the inlet to the outlet.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 6-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bartholomew (US. Pat. No. 1,959,328).

Bartholomew discloses nearly all that is recited in the claims, since it discloses a conduit (corresponding to the claims "elongate member") that would be capable of conveying glass gobs, which is presumably relatively fixed, curved and which is inclined downwardly from inlet to outlet. The conduit has a V-shaped cross-section at the outlet

Application/Control Number: 09/942,899

Art Unit: 1731

end which is joined at the bottom ends in a rounded bight (see figs). While there may be no specific articulation that the legs are such that at the upper ends the distance is greater than a width of the largest glass gob, and the bight has a radius smaller than that of a smallest size of the gobs in the range of gob sizes, this is not deemed to patentably distinguish the claims from the art because the apparatus of Bartholomew, just by nature of the V-shaped cross-section, could obviously accommodate glass gobs having a diameter which would be larger than the radius of the rounded bight, and such glass gobs would also, obviously, be able to be received between the upper-most free ends of the V-shaped, cross-section of the conduit.

Allowable Subject Matter

6. Claims 9-14 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Dionne A. Walls whose telephone number is (571) 272-1195. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri, 7AM - 4:30PM (Every other Friday off).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Steven P. Griffin can be reached on (571) 272-1189. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Art Unit: 1731

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703)308-0661.

Dionne A. Walls Primary Examiner Art Unit 1731

January 12, 2004